REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JESSAMINE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE 2 FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404 TELEPHONE (502) 573-0050 FACSIMILE (502) 573-0067



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable William Neal Cassity, Jessamine County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Moore Stephens Potter, LLP, Certified Public Accountant, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jessamine County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

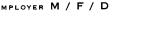
We engaged Moore Stephens Potter, LLP to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Moore Stephens Potter, LLP evaluated the Jessamine County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE JESSAMINE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2005

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP has completed the audit of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit, on the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Jessamine County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The Fiscal Court had net assets of \$52,928,044 as of June 30, 2005. The Fiscal Court had unrestricted net assets of \$6,292,674 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2005, with total net assets of \$52,792,715. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$117,850 with total net assets of \$135,329. The Fiscal Court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2005, of \$1,363,390 with \$124,730 due within the next year.

Deposits:

On June 30, 2005, the collateral and FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit, leaving \$138,051 of public funds uninsured and unsecured.

CONTENTS	PAGE
CONTENTS	PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
JESSAMINE COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	10
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	14
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	18
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	23
STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	27
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	31
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	35
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	37
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	53
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	58
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	61
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable William Neal Cassity, Jessamine County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Jessamine County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Jessamine County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Jessamine County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The County has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable William Neal Cassity, Jessamine County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2006 on our consideration of Jessamine County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Audit fieldwork completed - January 3, 2006

JESSAMINE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fiscal Court Members:

William Neal Cassity County Judge/Executive

Bobby Day Wilson Magistrate
John Nickell Magistrate
Tim Vaughan Magistrate
Duane McCuddy Magistrate
George Dean Magistrate
Terry Meckstroth Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Brian Goettl County Attorney

Frank Hubbard Jailer

Eva L. McDaniel County Clerk

Joe Walker Sheriff

Bob Thompson Property Valuation Administrator

Bobbye Ballard Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Tami East County Treasurer

Judy Miller Occupational Tax Collector

Brenda Sewell Payroll Officer

Rita Carter Data Processing Clerk

Coleman Tudor Road Supervisor
Shelby Horn 911 Administrator

Leisa Brumfield Jail Administrative Assistant/Bookkeeper

Wendell Hatfield EMS Director

Beverlee Giles Personnel Officer



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Totals			
ASSETS			_			
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,321,300	\$ 117,850	\$ 6,439,150			
Total Current Assets	6,321,300	117,850	6,439,150			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Construction In Progress	719,487		719,487			
Land and Land Improvements	2,064,825		2,064,825			
Buildings	10,013,205		10,013,205			
Other Equipment	812,139		812,139			
Vehicles and Equipment	650,658	17,479	668,137			
Infrastructure Assets - Net						
of Depreciation	33,574,491		33,574,491			
Total Noncurrent Assets	47,834,805	17,479	47,852,284			
Total Assets	54,156,105	135,329	54,291,434			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations	124,730		124,730			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations	1,238,660		1,238,660			
Total Liabilities	1,363,390		1,363,390			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ 46,471,415	\$ 17,479	\$ 46,488,894			
Restricted For Debt Service	28,628		28,628			
Unrestricted	6,292,672	117,850	6,410,522			
Total Net Assets	\$ 52,792,715	\$ 135,329	\$ 52,928,044			



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	5,021,353	\$	215,608	\$	921,276	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property		3,692,183		1,532,289		248,908		
General Health and Sanitation		702,855		199,959		161,649		
Social Services		85,778				252,369		
Recreation and Culture		973,632		3,377		184,847		
Roads		2,295,297						
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		23,000						
Interest on long-term debt		64,571				112,600		
Capital Projects		348,994						
Total Governmental Activities		13,207,663		1,951,233		1,881,649		
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		195,871		191,406				
Total Business-type Activities		195,871		191,406				
Total Primary Government	\$	13,403,534	\$	2,142,639	\$	1,881,649	\$	0

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government						
Governmenta Activities	l Bu	siness-Type Activities	Totals			
\$ (3,884,469 (1,910,986			\$ (3,884,469) (1,910,986)			
(341,247			(341,247)			
166,591			166,591			
(785,408	3)		(785,408)			
(2,295,297	7)		(2,295,297)			
(23,000))		(23,000)			
48,029)		48,029			
(348,994	<u> </u>		(348,994)			
(9,374,781)		(9,374,781)			
		(4,465)	(4,465)			
		(4,465)	(4,465)			
		(1,103)	(1,103)			
(9,374,781		(4,465)	(9,379,246)			
1,292,991			1,292,991			
133,146			133,146			
286,115			286,115			
5,300,782			5,300,782			
832,281			832,281			
74,728		2,010	76,738			
724,884	<u> </u>		724,884			
8,644,927	7	2,010	8,646,937			
(729,854		(2,455)	(732,309)			
53,522,569)	137,784	53,660,353			
\$ 52,792,715	5 \$	135,329	\$ 52,928,044			



JESSAMINE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JESSAMINE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	_	eneral Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	LGEA Fund	S	ergency ervices Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5	,962,818	\$ 42,620	\$ 71,585	\$ 133,262	\$	82,389
Total Assets	\$ 5	,962,818	\$ 42,620	\$ 71,585	\$ 133,262	\$	82,389
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances	\$	9,181	\$ 4,042	\$ 578	\$	\$	6,500
Unreserved:							
General Fund	5	,953,637					
Special Revenue Fund			38,578	71,007	133,262		75,889
Debt Service Fund			 	 			
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5	,962,818	\$ 42,620	\$ 71,585	\$ 133,262	\$	82,389

JESSAMINE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2005 (Continued)

KACO	Total			
Annex	Governmental			
 Fund		Funds		
\$ 28,626	\$	6,321,300		
\$ 28,626	\$	6,321,300		
_				
\$	\$	20,301		
		5,953,637		
		318,736		
28,626		28,626		
\$ 28,626	\$	6,321,300		

Reconciliation to Statement of Changes In Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 6,321,300
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	61,944,339
Accumulated Depreciation	(14,109,534)
Long-term Debt Is Not Due And Payable In The Current Period And, Therefore, Is Not	
Reported In The Funds.	
Financing Obligations - Current Portion	(124,730)
Financing Obligations - Long Term Portion	 (1,238,660)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 52,792,715



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	LGEA Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 7,012,159	\$	\$	\$
Excess Fees	832,281			
Licenses and Permits	193,063			
Intergovernmental	595,065	667,869	646,782	161,649
Charges for Services	168,168		96,595	
Miscellaneous	691,103	663	18,943	
Interest	71,781	581	213	1,059
Total Revenues	9,563,620	669,113	762,533	 162,708
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	2,932,770			70,401
Protection to Persons and Property	267,595		1,401,367	
General Health and Sanitation	719,775			
Social Services	85,778			
Recreation and Culture	1,140,429			6,500
Roads		927,399		122,388
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	23,000			
Debt Service				
Capital Projects	765,717			
Administration	1,685,458	 39,159	136,597	
Total Expenditures	7,620,522	 966,558	1,537,964	199,289
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	1,943,098	 (297,445)	 (775,431)	 (36,581)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers From Other Funds		220,000	799,345	
Transfers To Other Funds	(2,175,077)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,175,077)	 220,000	 799,345	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(231,979)	(77,445)	23,914	(36,581)
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,194,797	120,065	47,671	169,843
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,962,818	\$ 42,620	\$ 71,585	\$ 133,262

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

mergency Services Fund		KACO Annex Fund	Total Governmental Funds
	_		
\$ 237,696	\$		\$ 7,249,855
			832,281
			193,063
91,875		112,600	2,275,840
867,472			1,132,235
9,101			719,810
262		832	74,728
1,206,406		113,432	12,477,812
			3,003,171
1,931,123			3,600,085
			719,775
			85,778
			1,146,929
			1,049,787
			23,000
53,344		153,055	206,399
			765,717
299,827			2,161,041
2,284,294		153,055	12,761,682
(1.077.000)		(20, (22)	(202.070)
 (1,077,888)		(39,623)	(283,870)
1,119,990		35,742	2,175,077 (2,175,077)
1,119,990		35,742	0
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
42,102		(3,881)	(283,870)
40,287		32,507	6,605,170
\$ 82,389	\$	28,626	\$ 6,321,300



JESSAMINE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

JESSAMINE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (283,870)
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,372,530
Depreciation Expense	(1,877,387)
Asset Disposals, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	(82,955)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds. These transactions, however,	
have no effect on net assets.	
Financing Obligation	
Bond Issuance	
Principal payments are expensed in the Governmental Funds	
as a use of current financial resources.	
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	141,828
Bond Payments	
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (729,854)



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,850	
Total Current Assets	Ψ	117,850	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:			
Vehicles and Equipment		24,542	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(7,063)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		17,479	
Total Assets	\$	135,329	
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		17,479	
Unrestricted		117,850	
Total Net Assets	\$	135,329	



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Operating Revenues			
Canteen Receipts	\$	191,406	
Total Operating Revenues		191,406	
Operating Expenses			
Cost of Sales		64,936	
Educational and Recreational		7,859	
Depreciation		2,355	
Miscellaneous		101,715	
Total Operating Expenses		176,865	
Operating Income (Loss)		14,541	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income		2,010	
Inmate Refunds		(19,006)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues			
(Expenses)		(16,996)	
Change In Net Assets		(2,455)	
Total Net Assets - Beginning		137,784	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	135,329	



JESSAMINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf JESSAMINE\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS\ }$

	En	terprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$	191,406
Payments For Goods & Services		(72,795)
Other Operating Expenses		(101,715)
Net Cash Provided By		
Operating Activities		16,896
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(19,006)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Earned		2,010
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		(100)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2004		117,950
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2005	\$	117,850
Reconciliation Of Operating Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	14,541
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		
Income To Net Cash Provided		
By Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		2,355
Net Cash Provided By Operating		
Activities	\$	16,896

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	37
Note 2.	DEPOSITS	43
Note 3.	CAPITAL ASSETS	43
Note 4.	SHORT-TERM DEBT	45
Note 5.	LONG-TERM DEBT	45
Note 6.	JOINT VENTURES	47
Note 7.	ESTIMATED INFRASTRUCTURE HISTORICAL COST	48
Note 8.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	48
Note 9.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	48
NOTE 10.	INSURANCE	49
Note 11.	PRIOR YEAR NET ASSET ENDING BALANCES RESTATED	49
NOTE 12.	CONTINGENCIES	49
NOTE 13	SUBSPOUENT EVENTS	49

JESSAMINE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The County presents it's government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the County to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Jessamine County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. The reporting entity includes no organizations that are legally separate from the primary government.

C. Jessamine County Elected Officials Not Part Of Jessamine County, Kentucky

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Jessamine County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the County, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Jessamine County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined in item A above.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance (ending cash account balances) as the measure of available financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of changes in fund net assets, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with its activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the County. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

LGEA Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received from the state for coal severance taxes. The funds must primarily be used for maintaining the County's road system used by coal trucks.

Emergency Services Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for receipts for the County's ambulance runs and funds received from the state for emergency services.

KACO Annex Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for receipts from the Administrative Office of the Courts used to offset the County's required payments on its debt related to the Courthouse Annex.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, and Emergency Services Fund, are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund:

The KACO Annex Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) September 15, due at discount November 1, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale February 1 following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the County treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	nreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent the Fiscal Court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the Fiscal Court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the Fiscal Court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the Fiscal Court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

A formal budget is not adopted for the KACO Annex Fund because activities reported within this fund are budgeted in other County funds. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require this fund to be budgeted.

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Jessamine County Fiscal Court: Jessamine Water District No. 1 and Jessamine / South Elkhorn Water District.

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered joint ventures of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court: Nicholasville / Jessamine County Parks and Recreation and the Jessamine County Economic Development Authority.

Note 2. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. However, as of June 30, 2005, the collateral and the FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit, leaving \$138,051 of public funds uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 139,046
Protection to Persons and Property	170,744
General Health and Sanitation	4,386
Recreation and Culture	68,410
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 1,494,801
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,877,387
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	\$ 2,355
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,355

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Beginning Balance Increases Decreases Balance Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	
Governmental Activities:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	
Land and Land Improvements \$ 1,846,877 \$ 217,948 \$ \$ 2,064,82	25
Construction In Progress 302,764 416,723 719,46	87
Total Capital Assets Not Being	
Depreciated 2,149,641 634,671 2,784,3	12
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	
Buildings 11,004,828 283,799 (95,274) 11,193,33	
Other Equipment 1,651,739 254,299 (13,500) 1,892,55	
Vehicles and Equipment 2,249,093 122,320 (84,625) 2,286,78	
Infrastructure 43,709,907 77,441 43,787,34	48
Total Capital Assets Being	
Depreciated <u>58,615,567</u> <u>737,859</u> (193,399) <u>59,160,02</u>	27
Lace Accumulated Damaciation Form	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	40)
Buildings (1,068,767) (187,600) 76,219 (1,180,140)	
Other Equipment (951,920) (138,079) 9,600 (1,080,33	
Vehicles and Equipment (1,502,213) (158,542) 24,625 (1,636,13)	
Infrastructure (8,819,691) (1,393,166) (10,212,83	57)
Total Accumulated Depreciation (12,342,591) (1,877,387) 110,444 (14,109,53	34)
Total Capital Assets, Being	
Depreciated, Net 46,272,976 (1,139,528) (82,955) 45,050,49	93
Governmental Activities Capital	
Assets, Net <u>\$ 48,422,617</u> <u>\$ (504,857)</u> <u>\$ (82,955)</u> <u>\$ 47,834,86</u>	05
Business-Type Activities:	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	
Vehicles and Equipment \$ 24,542 \$ \$ \$ 24,54	42
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	<u></u>
Vehicles and Equipment (4,708) (2,355) (7,00	63)
Business-Type Activities Capital	,
Assets, Net \$ 19,834 \$ (2,355) \$ 0 \$ 17,4"	79

Note 4. Short-term Debt

In July, 2004, Jessamine County participated in the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advance Revenue Program (KARP) by issuing a note in the amount of \$9,189,000, with principal being due in January, 2005. While the County did not use the borrowed funds in order to meet current General Fund expenses, it was able to reinvest the funds and receive net interest earnings from KARP of \$28,250.

Changes In Short-term Liabilities

	Beginni	ng			Enc	ling
Governmental Activities:	Balanc	e	Additions	Reductions	Bala	ınce
						_
Kentucky Advanced						
Revenue Program	\$	0	\$ 9,189,000	\$9,189,000	\$	0

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. Courthouse Annex

On July 3, 1997, the Jessamine County Fiscal Court entered into a twenty-year lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$1,700,000 at an assumed interest rate of 4.91% for construction of the Courthouse Annex. Payments of interest and fees are due monthly with an annual principal payment due on January 20.

The Jessamine County Fiscal Court entered into a sublease agreement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), in which AOC sublet the Courthouse Annex. Under the agreement, AOC agreed to offset the County's commitment through payment of a use allowance for operating and maintaining the project. Lease payments from AOC are deposited into an interest bearing Sinking Fund account. Interest earned on this account reduces the net amount due from the County.

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Courthouse Annex (Continued)

The remaining principal balance on the agreement at June 30, 2005 was \$1,214,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the lease and the AOC lease payments expected to offset the obligation are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal		Interest And Fees	I	Total Payment		ess AOC ayments	D	t Amount ue From County
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2015 2016-2017	\$	76,000 80,000 84,000 88,000 92,000 538,000 256,000	\$	70,185 65,575 60,727 55,641 50,351 161,855 16,652	\$	146,185 145,575 144,727 143,641 142,351 699,855 272,652	\$	112,600 112,600 112,600 112,600 112,600 563,000 225,200	\$	33,585 32,975 32,127 31,041 29,751 136,855 47,452
Totals	\$ 1	,214,000	\$	480,986	\$ 1	,694,986	\$ 1	,351,200	\$	343,786

B. E-911 Equipment

On March 12, 2003, Jessamine County Fiscal Court entered into a five-year lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$247,377 at an assumed interest rate of 2.4% for purchase of E-911 Equipment. Payments of interest and fees are due monthly with an annual principal payment due on January 20.

The remaining principal balance on the agreement at June 30, 2005 was \$149,390. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the lease are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Ir	nterest		
2006 2007 2008	\$	48,730 49,790 50,870	\$	4,111 2,545 945		
Totals	\$	149,390	\$	7,601		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

C. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Financing Obligations: Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust Program	\$ 1,505,218		\$ 141,828	\$ 1,363,390	\$ 124,730
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,505,218	\$ 0	\$ 141,828	\$ 1,363,390	\$ 124,730

Note 6. Joint Ventures

Jessamine County Joint Economic Development Authority

The County along with the City of Nicholasville is a member of the Jessamine County Joint Economic Development Authority, Inc. (the Authority), which is a nonprofit industrial authority created to acquire, retain, develop, and promote land for industrial and commercial purposes. The participants provide annual funding for its operations. During the current year, the County contributed \$55,000 for its operations and debt. The County appoints three members to the Authority's governing board. The ordinance establishing the Authority provides that the members will be responsible for appropriating funds sufficient to finance projects until sales by the Authority are sufficient to cover the cost of the projects. The following financial information of the Authority was obtained from audited financial statements as of June 30, 2005. The Authority's net assets totaled approximately \$700,000 at June 30, 2005. The Authority's outstanding balance, as of June 30, 2005, on its debt obligations is approximately \$1,293,000. Complete financial statements for the Jessamine County Joint Economic Development Authority, Inc. can be obtained from its administrative offices at 212 North Main Street, Nicholasville, Kentucky 40356.

Nicholasville/Jessamine County Parks and Recreation Board

The County, along with the Cities of Nicholasville and Wilmore, has created the Nicholasville/Jessamine County Parks and Recreation Board (PRB). The participants provide annual funding for its operations. The County appropriated \$245,000 for operating expenses of the PRB for the year ended June 30, 2005. The PRB's board is composed of five members; two Jessamine County Fiscal Court Magistrates, two Nicholasville City Commissioners, and one City of Wilmore Council Member.

Note 7. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost on infrastructure placed in service prior to July 1, 2003 is an estimate. The primary government estimated the year this infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. Then current year construction cost was deflated back to this estimated year of construction or reconstruction to arrive at estimated historical cost.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The Fiscal Court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The County's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 8.48 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 22.08 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

Jessamine County Fiscal Court allows all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, Jessamine County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Prior Year Net Asset Ending Balances Restated

During the year ended June 30, 2005, management noted \$302,764 of construction in progress that had not been previously included in capital assets. As a result, prior year net asset ending balances have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
June 30, 2004, Net Assets Construction In Progress not included in prior year capital assets	\$ 53,219,805 302,764
Restated Net Asset Balance as of June 30, 2004	\$ 53,522,569

Note 12. Contingencies

As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements do not include an accrual or provision for loss contingencies. The County is a party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. One of the proceedings has been filed as a civil rights violation seeking both punitive damages and attorney's fees which are not covered by the County's insurance policy. While the outcome of these proceedings cannot be predicted, due to insurance coverage maintained by the County, the County believes that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Note 13. Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2005 a \$5,230,000 advanced revenue note was issued at 3.032%, through the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program with a maturity date of January 31, 2006.



JESSAMINE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

JESSAMINE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

	GENERAL FUND					
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 6,174,300	\$ 6,174,300	\$ 7,012,159	\$ 837,859		
Excess Fees	386,092	386,092	832,281	446,189		
Licenses and Permits	115,000	115,000	193,063	78,063		
Intergovernmental Revenue	6,180,921	6,180,921	595,065	(5,585,856)		
Charges for Services	130,075	130,075	168,168	38,093		
Miscellaneous	595,394	595,394	691,103	95,709		
Interest	53,000	53,000	71,781	18,781		
Total Revenues	13,634,782	13,634,782	9,563,620	(4,071,162)		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	4,128,888	3,982,270	2,932,770	1,049,500		
Protection to Persons and Property	184,600	292,997	267,595	25,402		
General Health and Sanitation	636,669	732,679	719,775	12,904		
Social Services	95,193	99,573	85,778	13,795		
Recreation and Culture	1,703,441	1,940,383	1,140,429	799,954		
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	26,000	26,000	23,000	3,000		
Debt Service	45,747	45,747		45,747		
Capital Projects	6,053,793	6,053,793	765,717	5,288,076		
Administration	3,385,451	2,936,340	1,685,458	1,250,882		
Total Expenditures	16,259,782	16,109,782	7,620,522	8,489,260		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other	(2,525,000)	(2.477.000)	1.0.42.000	4.410.000		
Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,625,000)	(2,475,000)	1,943,098	4,418,098		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers To Other Funds	(2,800,000)	(2,800,000)	(2,175,077)	624,923		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,800,000)	(2,800,000)	(2,175,077)	624,923		
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(5,425,000)	(5,275,000)	(231,979)	5,043,021		
Fund Balance - Beginning	5,425,000	5,425,000	6,194,797	769,797		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 150,000	\$ 5,962,818	\$ 5,812,818		

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted	Amo		A (B)	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fin	iance with all Budget
REVENUES		Original		Final		Basis)	<u>(1</u>	Negative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	668,082	\$	668,082	\$	667,869	\$	(213)
Miscellaneous						663		663
Interest		1,000		1,000		581		(419)
Total Revenues		669,082		669,082		669,113		31
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		1,303,854		1,310,353		927,399		382,954
Capital Projects		100,000		100,000				100,000
Administration		115,594		109,095		39,159		69,936
Total Expenditures		1,519,448		1,519,448		966,558		552,890
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(850,366)		(850,366)		(297,445)		552,921
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		800,000		800,000		220,000		(580,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		800,000		800,000		220,000		(580,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(50,366)		(50,366)		(77,445)		(27,079)
Fund Balance - Beginning		50,366		50,366		120,065		69,699
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	42,620	\$	42,620

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Ame	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES		011511111				24010)		eguil e)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	602,076	\$	602,076	\$	646,782	\$	44,706
Charges for Services		127,000		127,000		96,595		(30,405)
Miscellaneous		500		500		18,943		18,443
Interest		1,000		1,000		213		(787)
Total Revenues		730,576		730,576		762,533		31,957
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		1,260,504		1,411,673		1,401,367		10,306
Administration		188,196		187,027		136,597		50,430
Total Expenditures		1,448,700		1,598,700		1,537,964		60,736
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(718,124)		(868,124)		(775,431)		92,693
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		655,000		655,000		799,345		144,345
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		655,000		655,000		799,345		144,345
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(63,124)		(213,124)		23,914		237,038
Fund Balance - Beginning		63,124		63,124		47,671		(15,453)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(150,000)	\$	71,585	\$	221,585

	LGEA FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
REVENUES		Original		Final	-	Basis)	(1)	egative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	175,000	\$	175,000	\$	161,649	\$	(13,351)
Interest	Ψ	2,000	Ψ	2,000	Ψ	1,059	Ψ	(941)
Total Revenues		177,000		177,000		162,708		(14,292)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		55,000		70,401		70,401		
Recreation and Culture		6,500		6,500		6,500		
Roads		181,500		166,099		122,388		43,711
Capital Projects		75,000		75,000				75,000
Total Expenditures		318,000		318,000		199,289		118,711
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(141,000)		(141,000)		(36,581)		104,419
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(141,000)		(141,000)		(36,581)		104,419
Fund Balance - Beginning		141,000		141,000		169,843		28,843
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	133,262	\$	133,262

	EMERGENCY SERVICES FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	A	Actual mounts, sudgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						/		
Taxes	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	237,696	\$	(32,304)
Intergovernmental Revenue		89,133		89,133		91,875		2,742
Charges for Services		809,000		809,000		867,472		58,472
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		9,101		6,601
Interest		1,500		1,500		262		(1,238)
Total Revenues		1,172,133		1,172,133		1,206,406		34,273
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Protection to Persons and Property		2,113,508		2,135,942		1,931,123		204,819
Debt Service		53,345		53,345		53,344		1
Administration		407,379		384,945		299,827		85,118
Total Expenditures		2,574,232		2,574,232		2,284,294		289,938
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,402,099)		(1,402,099)		(1,077,888)		324,211
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,345,000		1,345,000		1,119,990		(225,010)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,345,000		1,345,000		1,119,990		(225,010)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(57,099)		(57,099)		42,102		99,201
Fund Balance - Beginning		57,099		57,099		40,287		(16,812)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	82,389	\$	82,389

JESSAMINE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2005

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable William Neal Cassity, Jessamine County Judge/Executive Members of the Jessamine County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Jessamine County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2006. Jessamine County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Jessamine County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be a material weakness. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jessamine County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,
Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Audit fieldwork completed - January 3, 2006

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

JESSAMINE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

JESSAMINE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The Jessamine County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

William Neal Cassity
County Judge Executive

Tami East County Treasurer